IN THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listing of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (currently amended) Imaging method for nuclear magnetic resonance, wherein comprising applying a constant static magnetic field acts upon a sample, wherein applying an additional magnetic field is superimposed on the static magnetic field, the additional field having, in at least one grating surface within the sample volume, different field strength values at each point of the grating surface, wherein exciting the sample is excited by with a high-frequency electromagnetic alternating field, and wherein the reading and evaluating electromagnetic radiation emitted from the excited sample is read out and evaluated for generating to generate images.
- 2. (currently amended) Imaging method for nuclear magnetic resonance according to the preceding claim $\underline{1}$, wherein a one-dimensional Fourier transformation is used.
- 3. (currently amended) Imaging method for nuclear magnetic resonance according to one of the preceding claims

claim 1, wherein the additional field is described by
surface-filling or space-filling curves, there being a
biunique correlation between field strength values and point
of the grating for these curves.

- 4. (currently amended) Imaging method for nuclear magnetic resonance according to one of the preceding claims claim 1, wherein several areas of the sample are measured at the same time.
- 5. (currently amended) Imaging method for nuclear magnetic resonance according to one of the preceding claims claim 1, wherein echoes are generated.
- 6. (currently amended) Imaging method for nuclear magnetic resonance according to the preceding claim $\underline{5}$, wherein the additional field changes its sign over time for generating the echo.
- 7. (currently amended) Imaging method for nuclear magnetic resonance according to one of the preceding claims claim 1, wherein the additional field is described by a Hilbert curve.

- 8. (currently amended) Imaging method for nuclear magnetic resonance, wherein comprising generating a spatially detectable transversal magnetization is generated signal in a sample, reading the signal is read out along a fractal space-filling trajectory during the a data acquisition phase, and forming a raw-data matrix is formed and determining an image is obtained from the raw-data matrix by means of Fourier transformation.
- 9. (currently amended) Imaging method for nuclear magnetic resonance according to the preceding claim $\underline{8}$, wherein the fractal space-filling trajectory is described by a Hilbert curve.
- 10. (currently amended) Imaging method for nuclear magnetic resonance according to one of the preceding claims 8 or 9 claim 8, wherein the data acquisition takes place in segments.
- 11. (currently amended) Imaging method for nuclear magnetic resonance according to one of the preceding claims claim 8, wherein an image coding takes place in three dimensions.

- 12. (currently amended) Imaging method for nuclear magnetic resonance according to one of the preceding claims claim 8, wherein parts of a measuring set-up are moved past the sample or through the sample or segments of the magnetic field(s) are activated successively.
- method according to one of the claims 1 to 7 claim 1, comprising a constant static magnetic field acting on a sample, means for generating an additional field that is superimposed upon the static magnetic field and that has, in at least one grating surface within the sample volume, different field strength values at each point of the grating surface, means for generating a high-frequency electromagnetic alternating field whereby the sample is excited, means for reading out the electromagnetic radiation emitted by the excited sample, and means for evaluation and image generation.
- 14. (original) Device according to claim 13, wherein the means for generating an additional field comprise a micro coil arrangement.

15. (currently amended) Device for executing the method according to one of the claims 8 to 12 claim 8, comprising means for generating a spatially detectable transversal magnetization in a sample, means for data acquisition of a signal along a fractal space-filling trajectory, means for data evaluation forming a raw-data matrix from the acquired data and obtaining an image from the raw-data matrix by means of Fourier transformation.